



Galician Public Health Care System Purchasing and Logistics Project GS1 standards

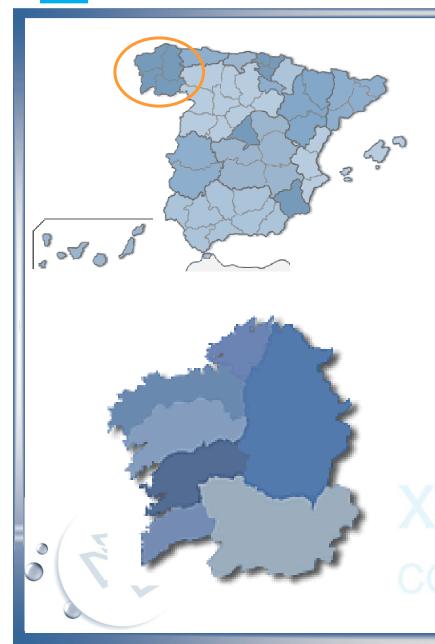


GS1 Healthcare Conference, Granada February 2008



Galician Public Health Care System Organization





The Galician Health Service (Sergas) has run Galicia's health system since 1991.

2.701.042 health system users

14.174.792 Family doctors' consultations

4.079.738 Specialists' consultations

1.060.166 urgencies

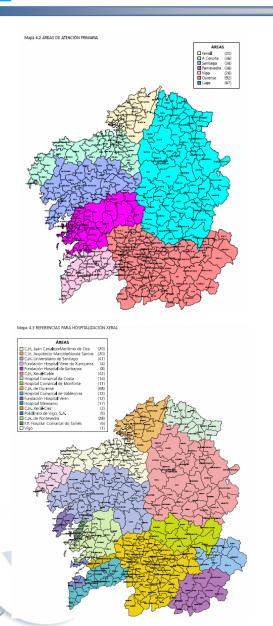
236.578 admission

164.737 surgical operation



Galician Public Health Care System Organization





Primary Care: 7 Primary Care Areas

Organization:

6 XAP

1 Area Sanitaria

Centros:

390 Primary Care Units

97 Support Units

90 Permanent Care Points(PAC)

Specialized Care: 15 areas of reference to

hospitalization.

Organization:

9 Gerencias de hospitales

1 Área Sanitaria

4 Fundaciones Públicas Sanitarias

Centres (32 hospitals altogether):

7 Complex Hospitals

3 regional hospitals

4 Hospital Foundation.

Public Health Services

Administrative Services

Non hospital public foundations (CTG, FPUSG061,

INGO, FEGAS, MEDTEC, FPMGenómica)



Galician Public Health Care System Purchasing and Logistics Organization







... their mission: to provide to the professionals of health system of the necessary material resources to carry out the welfare activity



Coordinated by means of projects of corporate area

- Model of Integrated purchase (IntegraCom).
- Processes of quality certifications(Aproviso 9mil)
 : ISO 9001:2000
- Common catalogue of products.
- Evolution towards an efficient chain of supplies
- Common system information model.



CHU Santiago

Centralizing without reducing autonomy of the centres management.



Galician Public Health Care System Health Information Systems - TIC





12.156 Computer equipments and 22.878 system information users.

REDE DE S@ÚDE
Plan de Sistemas de Tecnoloxía da Información da



Corporate and strategic politics(policy) of Systems of Information. "Rede de Saude"

- Main lines: EHR, e-administration, analytical information systems, public health, business process optimization, infrastructure and services.
- Corporate Information System. Tools and common systems.
- Corporate Network of Telecommunications.
- Common methodology. Functional Committees.

The "Commom" project facilitates:

- Homogeneous Information that facilitates the comparison.
- Common procedures that favor the equity in the use of the sanitary system.
- Global services T.I.C. The same service level in every centre.





Galician Public Health Care System Purchasing and Logistics System



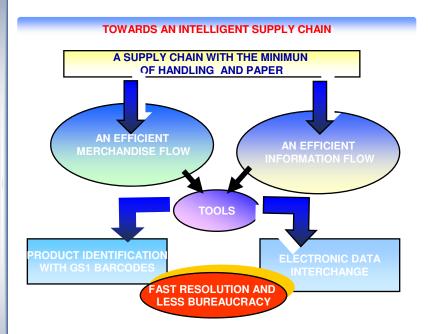
XUNTA DE GALICIA CONSELLERÍA DE SANIDADE

Purchasing and Logistics System Definition



In the year 2000 there begins the corporate project of provisioning management

- Definition of a general model of management.
- Progressive implantation of a common ERP in every centre: Same information model.
- Progressive introduction of the same culture of the management of the provisioning: Formation / Conviction.
- Definition of a common catalogue of products.
- Integrating the efficient supply chain concepts and tools. Use of standards: CDB (EAN) for product's identification, EDI for communication with suppliers

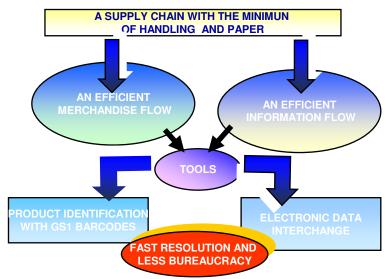




Purchasing and Logistics System Main Difficulties



TOWARDS AN INTELLIGENT SUPPLY CHAIN



Difficulties

- Different cultures and organization in every centre.
- Logistics is not main business.
- A huge variety of products.
- Little implication of suppliers in the application of the standards in our process.
- Physical dificultties:
 - √ Geografic dispersion (too may point to attend)
 - ✓ Complexity of the productive structure of hospitals
 - ✓ Differents stores conditions.



Purchasing and Logistics System Bussiness Figures



Nº de centros (todos los centros de at.primaria y especializada)	20
Importe de compras (miles de €)	203.299
Nº de servicios de compras/aprovisionamiento	20
Nº de almacenes	38
Recursos humanos de compras y almacén	292
Nº de proveedores	1.350
Nº de proveedores con códigos EAN	82
Nº de proveedores con EDI	58
Nº de artículos Catálogo Central Productos SERGAS	28.468
Nº de referencias comerciales Catálogo Central Productos SERGAS	67.753
Nº de unidades de consumo - clientes internos	3.228
Nº de pedidos a proveedor	194.538
Nº líneas de pedido a proveedor	462.556
Nº líneas albaranes de entrada en almacén	514.328
Nº líneas de albaranes de salida a unidades de consumo	2.688.426





FPH do Salnes



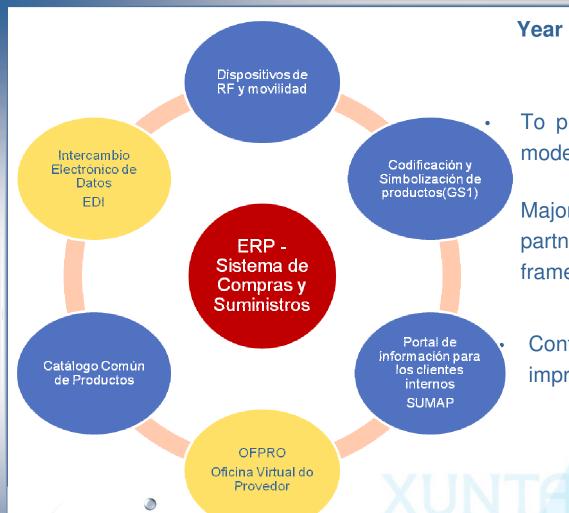
FPH Virxe da Xunqueira





Purchasing and Logistics System New guidelines





Year 2006 the situation of the project is checked. Review guidelines.

To promote 'best practices' in replacement models.

Major availability to the information to all partners involved : intranet, internet, ... as a frame for collaboration.

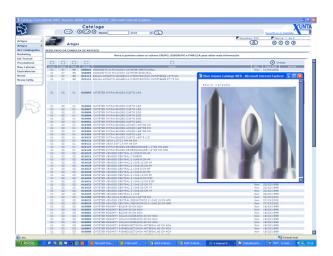
Continue with standards GS1 as a tool to improve :

- Ask for suppliers more implication.
- Try to increase automation level in supply chain,

Focus on internal client (units of comsuption): The purpose of logistics organization is to ensure that each point of comsuption is being fed with the right product in the right quantity and quality at the right point in time.

Purchasing and Logistics System Catalogue Products





Normalization of the information. The whole organization with a "common language":

- Consolidation of centralized database of suppliers.
- Consolidation of centralized catalogue of products of Sergas.

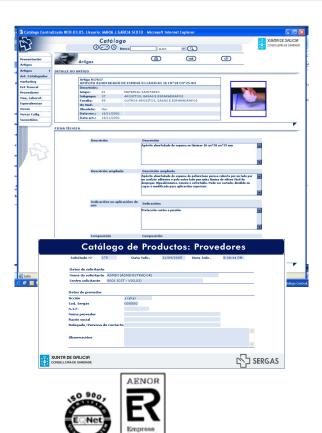
• Including	 Sanitary products, of in vitro diagnosis, and implants. Not sanitary products: linen, papers, office material, forms and material of cleanliness.
Not Including (nowadays)	 Pharmaceutical products. Fixed assets (plans of needs). Products of maintenance. External and compound services .

The Catalogue of Products answers to the need of the Galician Service of Health to know, of homogeneous and comparable form, the economic impact of the technologies(skills) and materials of medical, sanitary use, and of not sanitary use consumed in the welfare activity.



Purchasing and Logistics System Catalogue Products - Contents





- Classification: group, subgroup, family.
 Countable imputation.
- Definition and identification of products.
 Comercial references. Suppliers.
- Complementary Information: images, technical caracteristics, use recommendations, ...
- Catalogue's elaboration: Colaborative work and maintenance procedures.
 - Needs determined by management centres, coordinated by experts group.
- Diffussion across intranet for sanitary and non sanitary professionals.

Adecuation to centers activity: centers determines which products of the catalogue they need.

Complete its information with those of management (levels of stock, ubication, ...).

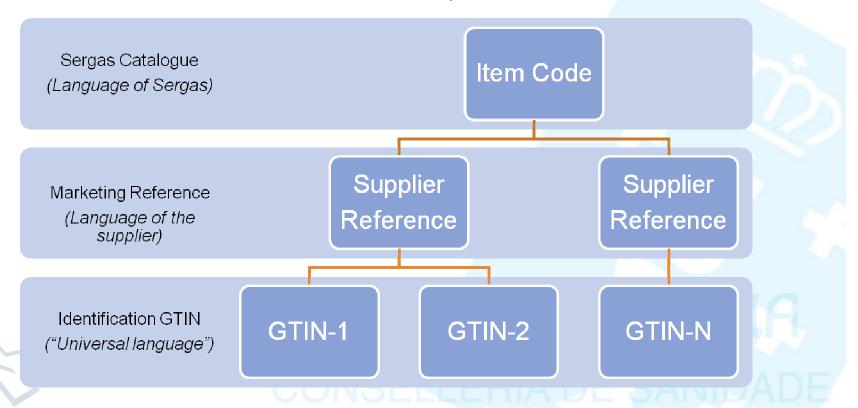
Purchasing and Logistics System Catalogue Products – Alignment



SERGAS has adopted standard GS1 128, for development of its logistic system.

Reference database to align Sergas's catalogue, with the supplier's catalogue and GTIN identification.

3 levels of identification of products:





Purchasing and Logistics Project Flow of goods



Objectives :

- Reduce administrative task.
- Automatize repetitive task
- Reduce errors, cost, time, ...
- Increase safety, quality service to internal clients.

Codification and symbolization :

• Standard GS1 application.

• Mobility:

Inventory devices, RF



Dispositivos de recuento



Proveedor

Servicios de Gestión

Cliente Interno

Paciente





Purchasing and Logistics Project Flow of goods



Logitics points where barcodes are allowed



Different organization models covered, corresponding to diverse realities

- Stocks Pacts: Level of stocks to maintain or average values of consumption settled down. Warehouse staff check periodically.
- Plant Management: Replacement by out of stock. There is a selfcontrol of the unit level; incomings and outgoings are registered and replacement is automatic in out of stock points. Professionals from unit of comsuption assume logistics tasks.
- Movements in Main Stores: Inventory, Incoming/ outgoing.
- Management of the Warehouse(Depot).
 Traceability of the implant in its movement through the hospital.





Purchasing and Logistics System Flow of goods





It is necessary to identify:

- Articles / Products that move for the center.
- Racks / Locations of the general store or secondary stores (units of comsuption). They identify where the products are placed.
- Unit of consumption: identification at the door.
- Product (implants) in warehouse(depot).

2 types of labels

- External label. Supplier label.
- Internal label. Where necessary



Purchasing and Logistics System Flow of goods- Identification GS1



- GTIN13 (Non sanitary product)
 - It is used to identify the unit



- **GS1 128 (Medical Device)** For the sanitary products, in which it is necessary to control the trazabilidad and the caducity.
 - Aplication Identifiers:
 - (01) It precedes the article identification
 - × (02) It precedes the contained article identification
 - × (37) Quantity
 - (17) It precedes the expiry date (YY/MM/DD)
 - × (10) It precedes the batch number
- *Internal IA to compatibylity internal and external labels.
 - × (91) Internal Sergas code
 - (93) Location code.
 - (96) Internal identification implant.







Purchasing and Logistics System Flow of goods



	Label		Device				
Action	Ext.	Int.	Ent.by keyboard	Term. Batch	Term. RF		
Unit of comsuption							
Replacement by out of stock: inventory at units		X		X			
Replacement by out of stock: Outgoing movements.	Х	X	Х	43			
Stock level agreement: stocks inventory		X		X	X		
Main Store							
Inventory		X		X	X		
Others	IT	4	STE C		OH		
Implants	X	X	X				

Purchasing and Logistics System Flow of information



For the logistic management as important as the flow of goods it is the flow of information.

Different views of the same information (and same system) attending to what every role needs.

Intranet / Internet context.

- It means :
 - Transparency. Generation of confidence relations between partners.
 - Reduction of mistakes. Same language.
 - The Systems of Information give support to the processes and also give the pertinent information for the evaluation and improvement.





Purchasing and Logistics System Flow of information



Niveles de Dirección: Centro de Gestión y Servicios Centrales

- Análisis de situación.
- Toma de decisiones organizativas
- · Seguimiento de objetivos
- · Personal Directivo Central y Periférico
- · Control de Gestión, control del proceso

Servicios de Gestión: Contratación, Compras, Gestión Económica, ...

- Control del proceso
- Control de la actividad
- Reporting
- Personal de Servicios generales (expertos en el proceso)

Unidades de consumo (clientes finales):

- Información de seguimiento del servicio que se le presta.
- Participación en el proceso de aprovisionamiento de su unidad.
 - Profesionales sanitarios o no sanitarios.

Proveedores

- Información del estado del proceso.
- Facilitador de información.
- ·Personas ajenas a la organización.



Purchasing and Logistics System CONSELLERÍA DE SANIDADE Flow of information – Unit of comsuption



Professionals of the unit of consumption must know that the materials necessary for the accomplishment of their activity will be available when they need them – Intranet context.

- Participation:
 - Requests of material.
- **Professional Information:**
 - Available catalogues
 - Technical Information of products.
- Follow-up of the received service (activity and logistic quality):
 - Information of consumptions and costs
 - Fulfillment of the agreements of levels of stocks and services.







An internet access for suppliers to the process, in a sure and restricted context.

- Detailed Information of the economic processing :
 - invoices / budgetary documents of payment of suppliers.
- Logistic and provisioning information:
 - GLNs
 - Consultation of the warehouse(depot) (March2008)







It runs from October 2006.

314 companies registered in the system.

> 59 % of the suppliers with superior invoicing to 300.000 € are habitual users of the system.

www.sergas.es/ofpro



Purchasing and Logistics System Flow of information – Suppliers - EDI



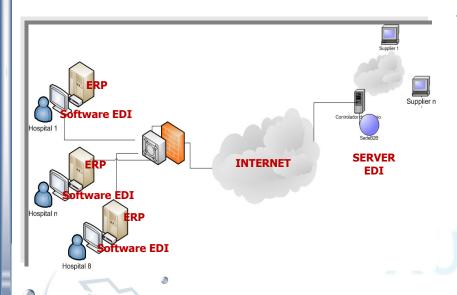


 It begins at 2003 with 7 complex hospitals and 1 Public Foundation

Two messages implemented:

O ORDERS:D:96A:UN:EAN008

O DESADV:D:96A:UN:EAN005



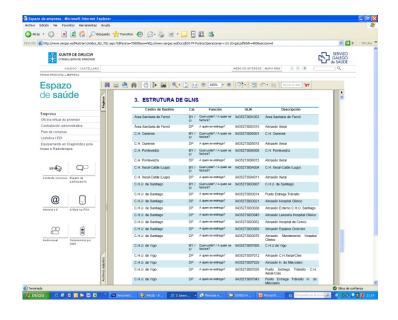
Technical implementation:

- Communications: EDI through Internet.
- Estación de Usuario : Solución tipo 'FRONT-END' :
 - ERP sends or receives information.
 - EDIWIN software : data mapping interfaz and flow controlling information.
- Server EDI Dedicated: SEDEB2B.

Purchasing and Logistics System Flow of information – Suppliers - EDI



GLN: 84352730xxxxx



2007 - review of situation and architecture

- 12 new centres: Primary Care, Regional Hospitals and Public Hospital Foundation. → 20 centres → More traffic from Sergas.
- Quality audit of GTIN database.
- The only(unique) Sergas's identification as a corporation.
- Definition of a procedure to integrate new suppliers.

<u>www.sergas.es</u> → Espazo empresa

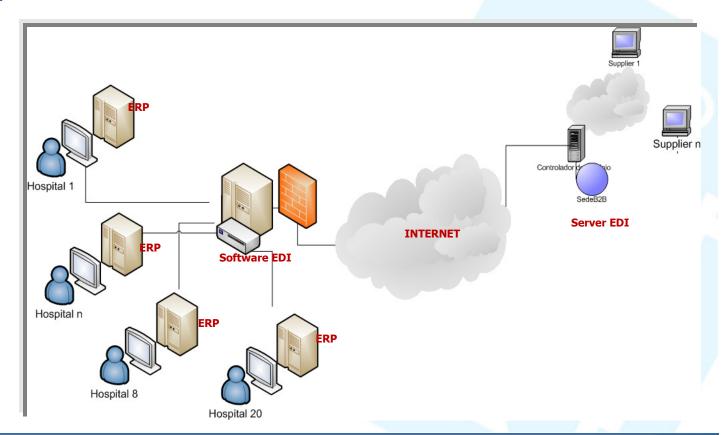






2007 - review of situation and architecture

- Centralized architecture → Lower maintenance cost.
- o On-line integration with ERP for flow controlling information → Simplicity for users.





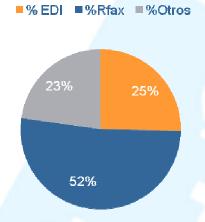
Purchasing and Logistics System Flow of information – Suppliers - EDI



Business figures







Amount Order	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Núm. of Suppliers	43	48	53	51	63
% EDI	12,87	16,30	24,79	28,14	27,72
%Rfax	21,09	35,91	39,21	38,82	42,03
%Otros	66,04	47,78	36,00	33,04	30,25





Galician Public Health Care System Purchasing and Logistics Project Use Cases



XUNTA DE GALICIA CONSELLERÍA DE SANIDADE



Purchasing and Logistics System Example 1 – Internal Logistics



Example 1:

Small hospital. 85 beds. 34 points of comsuption. 41.000 outgoing movements. 9.500 incoming movementes.

- Main Store Inventory
 - Shelves Internal Label...
 - Inventory online by means of RF infraestructure.



GUANTE CIRUGIA ESTERIL PAR Nº7.5



Art.: 000127 Ubic.: FD03A

U. Desp.: - CA

(91)000127(93)1FD03A

(91) → Código interno de producto.

(93) Código interno de ubicación





Purchasing and Logistics System Example 1 – Internal Logistics



Unit of comsuption (GFH).

- Stock Pacts: SLA: products, quantities, schedule.
 - · Locations- Internal Labels
 - Inventory offline. Automatique translate to ERP.
- Electronic request for non habitual products.

Conclusions

- · Low investments.
- Few human resources dedicated to the tasks of inventory. Professional from unit of comsuption do not participe in daily task of inventory.
- •Disappearance of the administrative activity of record of requests. Eliminates the flow of paper.
- Low level stocks at secondary stores. Frequently inventory.



KIT PULSERA MADRE-HIJO + Pac. 000200



Cod.: 004328 Ubic.: 96

U. Desp.: 000001



Purchasing and Logistics System Example 2 – Internal Logistics



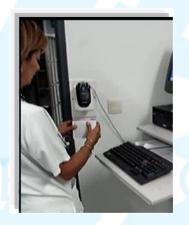
Example 2:

Complex Hospital. 841 beds. 306 points of comsuption.

Unit of comsuption (GFH).

- · Sanitary units:
 - Replacement by out of stock : *SLA: products, stock levels,...*
 - Products labelled GS1 (both internal and external).
 - Sanitary professionals register every outgoing movement with barcode scanner.
 - Dismish level generates automatic replacement request to main store.
- · Administrative Units : Electronic request.





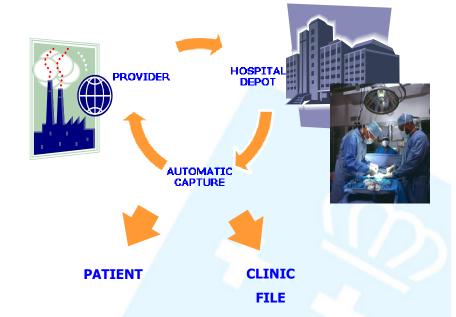




R.D. 414/1996, 1st of Mars, Article 25, monitoring systems, part 4, says about traceability:

"The implants below listed distributed in Spain must be supported by an implant card"

- a) Heart and Blood implants
- b) Central nervous system implants
- c) Nervous and muscular stimulators
- d) Spinal column implants
- e) Infusion bombs to be implanted
- f) Artificial hip
- a) Artificial knee
- h) Breast implant
- i) Implanted lens



The implant card includes:

- Name/ Product model.
- Batch or Serial number
- Manufacturer's name and address
- Health Centre name
- Implantation date
- Patient identification number

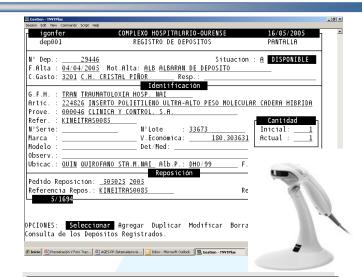
By triplicate

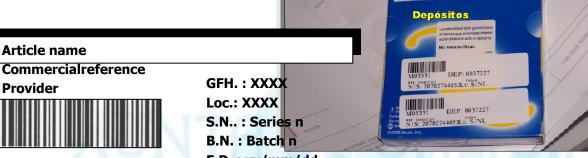




1.- Record of the implant data:

- Data register through symbolized GS1 128: Ident. product, serial number, expiry date, lot code, ...
- A serial number assigned to a specific unit. Identify the item throughout the supply chain.
- Item not symbolized : Printing internal label.





Article name

E.D.: yy/mm/dd

(96) Depot n

(96)00037227

(96) → Internal number identification





2.- Record of the implant card.

- Information of the intervention (patient, professional)
- -> Integration with HIS.
- Implanted products: captured by a barcode scanner.
- Deduction of implanted element from provider depot.

3.- Notification.

- Issue of the implant card: 3 copies (patient, clinical history, supplier).
- Reposition and invoicing proposal that later is ratified, sending to supplier by : email, fax, or ORDERS message (EDI).
- •Then implant card is send by mail (no edi message integrated)

4.- Reposition.

DESADV message from supplier, if its possible.

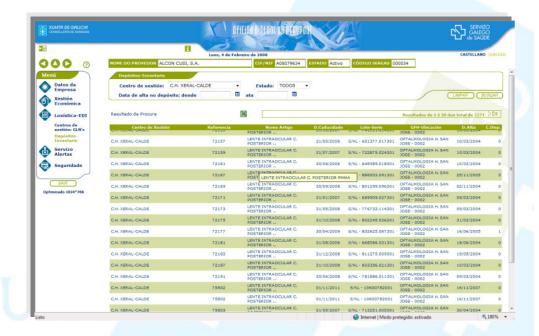






'Oficina Virtual do Provedor'

- On-line information for supplier with inventory of bonded goods. Mainly implants.
- Not included personal information (LOPD).









Galician Public Health Care System Purchasing and Logistics Project Conclusions



XUNTA DE GALICIA CONSELLERÍA DE SANIDADE



Purchasing and Logistics System Conclusions





- Three tools to reach more efficient models of management and of service for internal clients:
 - Access to information of purchase and logistic process.
 - Automation of logistic tasks.
 - Standard GS1 to identify and report products movements.
- Difficulties:
 - Few symbolization of products. Few suppliers as EDI trading partners.
 - The most ideal models are still an "exception".





Purchasing and Logistics System Next Goals





 Continuity: with promoting the use of available tools in order to get better quality levels.

Evolution: New tools in order to improve the logistics project (and solve some difficulties):

- Pilot models RFID in the management of warehouses(deposits) of implants. (kick off − Feb.08)
 → In order to improve identification and trazability.
- Catalogue maintenance through 'Oficina Virtual do Provedor' (2008), or similar → In order to eliminate administrative task, and improve alignment with supplier's catalogues
- Integrate new messages: pricat (for implantation card), if it's possible. → In order to acquire a complete automatization of implant circuit.



