

Status Report Work Team 'Instruments & Implants Marking'

Minneapolis, US - June 13th, 2006 Volker Zeinar

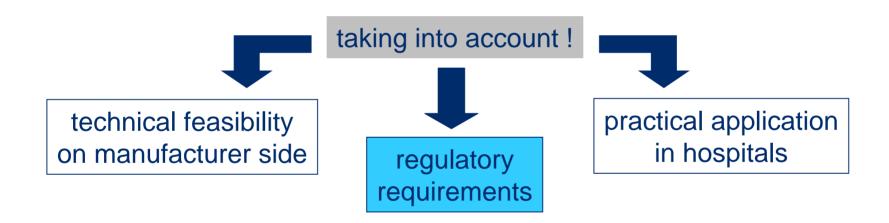
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Objective

,Analysis of the necessity of marking instruments and implants.



Core question:
What is the right level of track & trace?



Team + Leadership

MANUFACTURER

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- Herve Ney, University Hosp. Geneva (CH)
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- Graham Medwell, Leeds Teaching Hospital NHS Trust (UK)

Co-Chairs: Herve Ney + Volker Zeinar



Main topics and priorities

Agreements of the work team at the Kick-Off in Rome :

Concentrate on

- 1. phase → Instruments (direct marking)
- 2. phase → Implants (marking of packagings)

Step 1: Clarify the level of track & trace

- set level vs. single item level
- evaluate the business driver
- analysis of the processes (where do we need which information?)

Step 2 : Data content

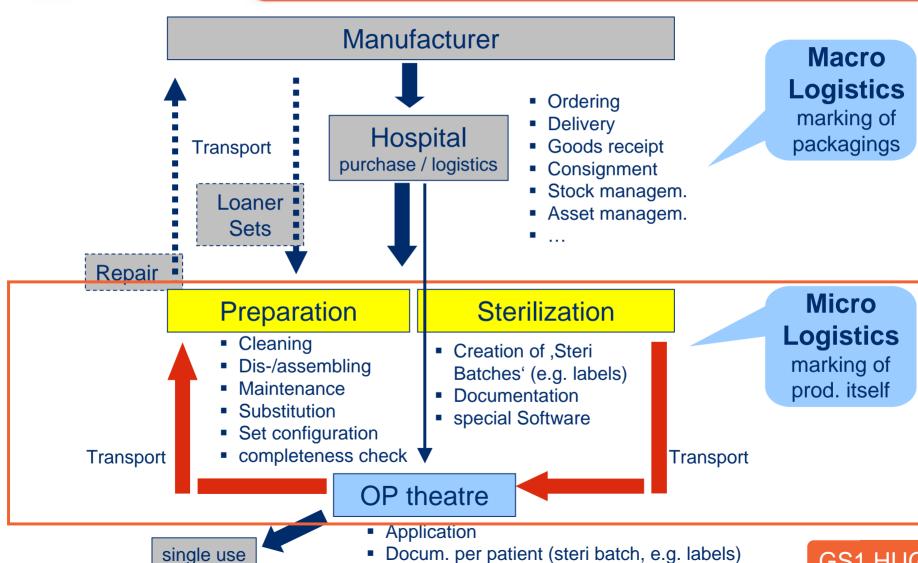
- which information are necessary?
- evaluation of existing guidelines / recommendations

Step 3: Data carrier and methods of marking

- DataMatrix (laser etched, Infodot), RFID, ...
- advantages, disadvantages, prerequisites, ...



Instruments Cycle



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WASTE



WT activities : get information

- Conference calls
- Definition of the process steps within the instruments cycle
- Development of a questionnaire in supplement to instruments cycle
 - at which process step?
 - do we need which information ?
 - on which level ?
 - and for what (business case) ?
- Using the questionnaire for personal interviews of hospitals (CSSD) or sterilization service providers
 - 4 interviews per WT member / country
- Up to now 27 interviews have been carried out
 - 7 countries: US, F, CH, DE, I, A, JP
- Software for data capturing and summary of the results





WT activities: site visits hospital CSSD

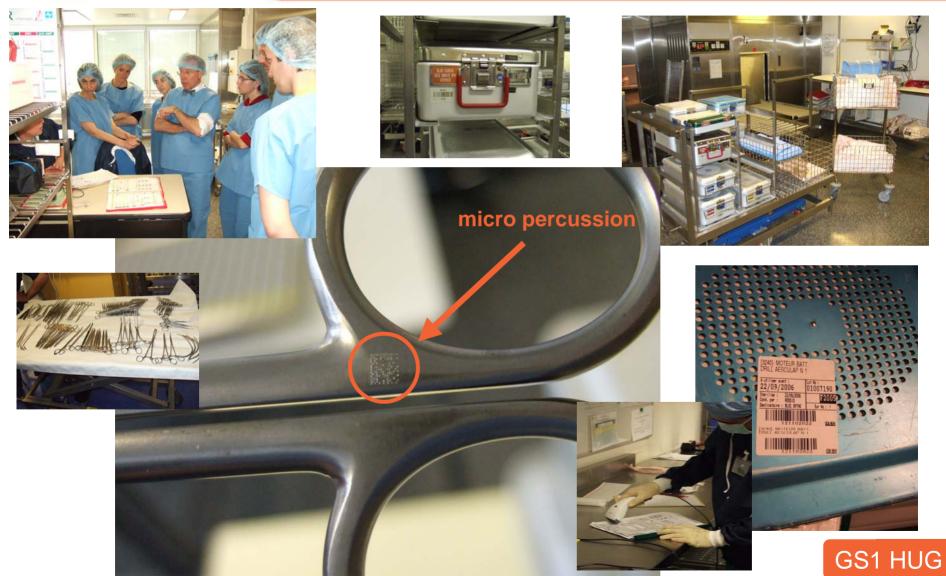
CSSD = Central Sterilization Service Department

- ☐ Hospital European Georges Pompidou, Paris
 - 830 beds (300 cutting beds)
 - 146.000 sterile sets per year
 - pilot : track&trace on instrument level → based on DataMatrix (laser etched and micro percussion)
- Problems raised during the tests
 - positioning of the code (small codes difficult to find)
 - quality of the laser etched code (legibility, contrast, reflection, ...)
 - life time of the code (e.g. cleaning with aggressive base → problems after 3 cycles!)
 - reading distance and speed
 - not all instruments are suitable to carry a DataMatrix
- Advantages of traceability on instrument level
 - sets assembling by non-qualified staff
 - automated data capturing possible
 - reasonable costs





Impressions HEGP



8



WT activities: site visits hospital CSSD

Hospital Bichat, Paris

- 1.000 beds (600 surgical beds)
- 29.000 sterile sets + 210.000 wrapped packs per year
- pilot : track&trace on instrument level → based on RFID

Problems raised during the tests

- tag positioning (perfect for right-handed person / not acceptable for left-handed)
- welding quality (tags dropped, antenna unsufficiently protected, ...)
- short read/write distance tags sometimes difficult to find
- not all instruments are suitable to carry a tag
 - → alternative DataMatrix or single-use instruments
- how to handle the existing stock ?
- attach tags afterwards → CE marking, guarantee, ... ?

Advantages of traceability on instrument level

- packaging help (staff information, not qualified staff)
- limit instruments crossing between different trays
- manage the instruments of the hospital, incl. maintenances





Impressions Bichat





WT activities: site visits hospital CSSD

University Hospital Rouen, France

- participant of site visits in Paris
- experience : track&trace on instrument level → based on ,InfoDot
- InfoDot = sticker with DataMatrix placed on the instruments (alum. foil)
- 60.000 instruments on stock / 35.000 stickered with Infodot
- replace progressively qualified staff for assembling operations by nonskilled staff (not unusual in France : OR nurses responsible for set assembling)

Why did we visit French hospitals?

- legal regulation regarding traceability is existing
- due to Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD) cases it must be able to identify ,the last 5 patients with whom an instrument was used*
- 3 risk groups :
 - normal patients
 - risk surgeries (at the brain or eyes or bloody teeth)
 - CJD patients (not allowed to use instrum. any more)







Direkt Marking Solutions

RFID tag **DataMatrix** micro percussion or laser etched

DataMatrix InfoDot



Further input: Study from the UK

- Study of the ,The Patients Association, UK'
 - title: ,Tracking Medical Devices and the Implications for Patient Safety
 - survey has been proceeded in 2004
 - questionnaire (13) has been sent out by eMail, > 120 replies
- Executive summary of the survey
 - agreement about the need to have track&trace systems in place when the new off-site, sterile service Super Centers' are built (97%)
 - automated data capture would help improve stock control systems (84%)
 - only a third always knews when a device went missing (37%)
 - it's impossible to track back and locate a single individual instrument (39%)
 - paper based tracking systems are still in use (33% CSSD + 66% OP)
 - automated tracking systems would *improve patient safety* (79%)

"With ,sterile service Super Centers' being developed, the patient safety case becomes overwhelming."



Next steps

- Breakout session (June 14th)
 - start to review the results of the interviews
 - discuss key findings + conclusions
 - identify differences between US EU AP
 - identify knowlegde gaps and define ways to close the gaps
- Site visits in the UK, probably London
 - what will change after establishment of ,sterile service Super Centers'?
 - visits will be organized by GS1 UK
 - 1st day: visit hospitals CSSD
 - 2nd day: discussion of the results from the breakout session (WT members which couldn't attend in Minneapolis)



Engagement of the WT members, especially from manufacturer + hospital side!





Thank you for your attention!

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